

EN - Instructions for use

ProveDye®

Methylene Blue 0,5%

COMPOSITION:

Each ampoule of PROVEDYE® 0.5% sterile solution contains 50 mg of Methylene Blue (Proveblue®) diluted in 10 mL of water for injection.

INDICATIONS:

Marker for surgical visualisation such as intra operative seal tests, leakage visualisation, delineation of fistula tract and visualisation of Sentinel Lymph Nodes (SLN) in oncologic surgery.

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

Do not administer PROVEDYE®:

- In case of known hypersensitivity to methylene blue or to any other thiazine dyes,
- In case of previous or ongoing treatment with Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs), bupropion, buspirone, clomipramine, mirtazapine and venlafaxine,
- In case of Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase deficiency,

In case of pregnancy or breastfeeding, PROVEDYE® should be avoided.

In case of moderate or severe renal disease patients must be closely monitored.

METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION AND DOSAGE:

PROVEDYE® can be administered:

- > Through local injection, undiluted or diluted in isotonic saline solution,
- Through oral administration, diluted in water.

For visualisation of Sentinel Lymph Nodes (SLN) in oncologic surgery, PROVEDYE® must be diluted in isotonic saline solution, prior being administered through local injection.

PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.

PROVEDYE® dilution and volume to be administered depend on the destination of the coloration. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%. For example: for a 0.01% dilution, dilute 2 parts of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of isotonic saline solution or water; for a 1.25 mg/mL dilution in isotonic saline solution, dilute 1 part of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 3 parts of isotonic saline solution.

Details on recommendations on method of administration according to the use are presented in section SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE.













ProveDye®

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

Methylene Blue 0,5%

(Document to keep in the operative theatre)

PROVEDYE® 0.5% sterile solution

Preparation for local or oral administration. Do not inject PROVEDYE $^{\otimes}$ intravenously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.

PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only), or in isotonic saline solution.

PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.

PROVEDYE® can be diluted until 0.01%. For example: for a 0.01% dilution, dilute 2 parts of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of isotonic saline solution or water; for a 1.25 mg/mL dilution in isotonic saline solution, dilute 1 part of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 3 parts of isotonic saline solution. Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local

requirements.

require	ments.		
PROVEDYE®	USE	METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION (Proposed route of administration and dilution)	
	00E		
BREAST	Visualisation of sentinel lymph	Peritumoral or subareolar	2 mL (or less) of 1.25 mg/mL
SURGERY	nodes in breast cancer	injection	solution of PROVEDYE® diluted in
			isotonic saline solution
	Visualisation during transaxillar	Local injection directly into	1 mL of undiluted PROVEDYE®
	endoscopy in breast surgery	the infra-mammary fold	solution
	Nipple discharge visualisation	Local injection directly into	2 mL of undiluted PROVEDYE®
		the breast duct	solution
URO-	Visualisation of sentinel lymph	Uterine Cervix injection	1 mL of 2.5 mg/mL solution of
GYNECOLO-	nodes in endometrial or cervical		PROVEDYE® diluted in isotonic
GICAL	cancer		saline solution
SURGERY	Intra-operative delineation of	Local injection	200 – 300 mL of diluted
	vagino/utero-vesical or colorecto-		PROVEDYE® solution in isotonic
	vesical fistula tract		saline solution
	Ureter leaks and anastomosis	Local retrograde injection	Diluted PROVEDYE® solution in
	visualisation during colorectal or	via a urinary catheter	isotonic saline solution
	vascular surgery		
OTHER	Pilonidal sinus visualisation	Local injection into the	2 to 4 mL of solution of
SURGERY		pilonidal sinus	PROVEDYE® undiluted or diluted
			in isotonic saline solution
	Cysts delineation	Local injection directly into	0.1 to 0.5 mL of undiluted
		the cyst	PROVEDYE® solution
	Bladder leaks visualisation	Local injection via a urinary	200 – 300 mL of diluted
		catheter (Foley)	PROVEDYE® solution in isotonic
			saline solution
	Visualisation of sentinel lymph	Peritumoral, intradermal	Less than 1 mL of 1.25 mg/mL or
	nodes in melanoma	injection	2.5 mg/mL solution of
			PROVEDYE® in isotonic saline
		1	solution

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS:

- PROVEDYE® must be administered by a Healthcare Professional.
- A preoperative assessment is recommended before using PROVEDYE®.
- Protective measures against patient exposure to strong light, including that within instruments such as pulse oximeters should be taken, because there is a risk of cutaneous photosensitivity reaction.
- The wearing of gloves is recommended for PROVEDYE® users.
- Do not use a damaged ampoule of PROVEDYE®. Do not use PROVEDYE® if the solution is
- PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.
- Do not inject PROVEDYE® intravenously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.
- $\label{eq:proved} \mbox{PROVEDYE} \mbox{$^{\$}$ is for single use only: discard any remaining solution after opening.}$
- In case of re-use of PROVEDYE®, there is a risk to loss sterility due to potential contamination of the sterile solution (it is considered as a decrease of technical performance).
- PROVEDYE® should be disposed of in clinical waste.

ADVERSE EFFECTS:

- Gastrointestinal: nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, blue colour of faeces and saliva.
- Hematologic: haemolysis (in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency or high doses), methemoglobinemia (after high doses), hyperbilirubinemia.
- Cardiovascular: hypertension, hypotension, arrhythmia, chest pain.
- Body as a whole: profuse sweating.
- Dermal: rash (blue macules, severe burning pain), skin discoloration, urticaria, increased sensitivity of the skin to the light (photosensitivity).
- Central Nervous System: headaches, dizziness, mental confusion, anxiety, tremor, fever, aphasia, agitation; serotonin syndrome when certain medicines to treat depression or anxiety have been taken.
- Administration site: thrombophlebitis, necrosis (resulting from high doses, if not adequately diluted).
- Renal: blue colour of urine.
- Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal: dyspnea, tachypnea, hypoxia.
- Ophtalmic: mydriasis.
- Immune: anaphylactic reaction.
- Oral administration may cause gastrointestinal disturbances and dysuria.

Use of methylene blue for endoscopic tattoo has been associated with vascular necrosis, mucosal ulceration, mural necrosis, extramural fat necrosis and inflammatory changes in the colon.

Note to the user

Any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device should be reported to the manufacturer at safety@provepharm.com and the competent authority of the Member State in which the user is established.

SHFLE-LIFE **CONDITIONING:**

10 mL ampoules, in packs of 5 ampoules. 36 months

STORAGE:

Do not refrigerate PROVEDYE® under 8°C. Do not freeze.

Keep the ampoule in the original package to

protect it from light.

PUBLICATION DATE:

IFU version 4 - Last revision: 12/2022.



Provepharm S.A.S. 22 Rue Marc Donadille 13013 Marseille, France www.provepharm.com

ProveDye®

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

Methylene Blue 0,5% (Document to keep in the operative theatre)

PROVEDYE® 0.5% sterile solution

Preparation for local or oral administration. Do not inject PROVEDYE® intravenously, intrathecally, intraamniotically or intraocularly.

PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only), or in isotonic saline solution.

PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.

PROVEDYE® can be diluted until 0.01%. For example: for a 0.01% dilution, dilute 2 parts of

PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of isotonic saline solution or water; for a 1.25 mg/mL dilution in isotonic saline solution, dilute 1 part of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 3 parts of isotonic saline solution.

Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements

PROVEDYE®	USE	METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION (Proposed route of administration and dilution)	
GASTRO- DIGESTIVE SURGERY	Colon & bile leakage visualisation	Local injection via a catheter	1 to 20 mL of a diluted PROVEDYE® solution in isotonic saline solution
	Gastric & pancreatic leakage visualisation	Oral administration or via nasogastric tube	Diluted PROVEDYE® solution in water for injection
	Intra-operative delineation of anal fistula tract	Local injection directly in the external opening	Undiluted PROVEDYE® solution
ENT- ENDOCRINE SURGERY	Visualisation of sentinel lymph nodes in thyroid cancer	Peritumoral injection	Up to 0.5 mL diluted PROVEDYE® solution in isotonic saline solution
	Parathyroid glands identification	Local administration	1 mL of undiluted PROVEDYE® solution
	Temporalis fascia graft visualisation	Local injection directly into the graft	2 mL of undiluted PROVEDYE® solution
	Tracheo-oesophageal leakage visualisation	Oral administration via endotracheal tube or	Diluted PROVEDYE® solution in water for injection
	Intra-operative delineation of tracheo-oesophageal fistula tract	oesophageal catheter	

Instructions for use



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COMPOSITION:

Each ampoule of PROVEDYE® 0.5% contains 50 mg of Methylene Blue (Proveblue®) diluted in 10 ml of water for injections.

Marker for surgical visualisation such as intra operative seal tests, leakages visualisation and delineation of the fistula tract.

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

Do not administer PROVEDYE®

- in case of known hypersensitivity to the methylene blue or to any other thiazine dyes,
- in case of previous or ongoing treatment with Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs), bupropion, buspirone, clomipramine, mirtazapine and venlafaxine,
- in case of Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase deficiency,
- in case of pregnancy or breastfeeding PROVEDYE® should be avoided.

In case of moderate or severe renal disease patients must be closely monitored.

METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION AND DOSAGE:

The PROVEDYE® 0.5% Methylene Blue sterile solution can be administered:

- Undiluted in local injection.
- In local injection diluted in normal saline solution,
- In oral administration diluted in water.

PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.

The PROVEDYE® dilution and volume to be administered depend on the destination of the colouration. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%. For this, dilute 2 parts of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of normal saline solution or water.

Details on recommendations on method of administration according to the use are presented in section SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE















SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

(to keep in the operative theatre)

Methylene Blue

PROVEDYE® 0.5% 10 ml - Sterile solution.

Preparation for local or oral administration. Do not inject PROVEDYE® intravenously, subcutaneously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.

PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only) or in normal saline solution and must be used immediately after opening or dilution. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%. For this, dilute 2 parts of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of normal saline solution or water. Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

PROVEDYE®	USE	METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION	
ALL SURGICAL DEPARTMENTS	Bladder leaks visualisation	Local injection via a urinary catheter (Foley)	200 - 300 ml of diluted ProveDye® solution
	Cysts delineation	Local injection directly into the cyst	0.1 to 0.5 ml of undiluted ProveDye® solution
URO- GYNECOLOGICAL AND BREAST SURGERY	Intra-operative delineation of vagino/utero- vesical or colorecto-vesical fistula tract	Local injection	200 - 300 ml of diluted ProveDye® solution
	Ureter leaks and anastomosis visualisation during colorectal or vascular surgery	Local retrograde injection via a urinary catheter	Diluted ProveDye® solution
	Visualisation during transaxillar endoscopy in breast surgery	Local injection directly into the infra-mammary fold	1 ml of undiluted ProveDye® solution
	Nipple discharge visualisation	Local injection directly into the breast duct	2 ml of undiluted ProveDye® solution



WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS:

- > PROVEDYE® must be administered by a healthcare professional.
- > A preoperative assessment is recommended before using PROVEDYE®
- > Protective measures against patient exposure to strong light, including that within instruments such as pulse oximeters should be taken, because there is a risk of cutaneous photosensitivity reaction.
- > The wearing of gloves is recommended for users.
- > Do not use a damaged ampoule of PROVEDYE®. Do not use PROVEDYE® if the solution is colourless
- > PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.
- > Do not inject PROVEDYE® intravenously, subcutaneously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly
- > PROVEDYE® is for single use only: discard any remaining solution after opening.
- > In case of re-use of PROVEDYE®, there is a risk to lose sterility due to potential contamination of the sterile solution (it is considered as a decrease of technical performance).
- > PROVEDYE® should be disposed of in clinical waste.

ADVERSE EFFECTS:

- > Gastrointestinal: nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, blue colour of faeces and saliva.
- > Hematologic: hemolysis (in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency, or high doses), methemoglobinemia (after high doses), hyperbilirubinemia.
- > Cardiovascular: hypertension, hypotension, arrhythmia, chest pain.
- > Body as a whole: profuse sweating.
- > Dermal: rash (blue macules, severe burning pain), skin discolouration, urticaria, increased sensitivity of the skin to the light (photosensitivity).
- > Nervous system: headaches, dizziness, mental confusion, anxiety, tremor, fever, aphasia, agitation; serotonin syndrome when certain medicines to treat depression or anxiety have been taken.
- > Administration site: thrombophlebitis, (resulting from high doses, if not adequately diluted not more than 350 mg of methylene blue should be diluted in each 500 mL of infusion fluid), necrosis (if extravasation occurs).
- > Renal: blue colour of urine.
- > Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal: dyspnea, tachypnea, hypoxia.
- > Ophthalmic: mydriasis.
- > Immune: anaphylactic reaction.
- > Oral administration may cause gastrointestinal disturbances and dysuria.
- > Use of methylene blue for endoscopic tattoo has been associated with vascular necrosis. mucosal ulceration, mural necrosis, extramural fat necrosis and inflammatory changes in the colon. Note to the user

Any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device should be reported to the manufacturer (safety@provepharm.com) and the competent authority of the Member State in which the user is

SHELF-LIFE:

36 months

STORAGE:

Do not refrigerate PROVEDYE® under 8°C. Do not freeze. Keep the ampoule in the original package to protect it from light. Provepharm S.A.S. 22 Rue Marc Donadille 13013 Marseille, France

www.provepharm.com Prove 4

CONDITIONING:

10 ml ampoules, in packs of 5 ampoules

PUBLICATION DATE:

IFU version 3 - Last revision: 09/2021



SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

(to keep in the operative theatre)

Methylene Blue

0.5%

PROVEDYE® 0.5% 10 ml - Sterile solution.

Preparation for local or oral administration. Do not inject PROVEDYE® Intravenously, subcutaneously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.

PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only) or in normal saline solution and must be used

immediately after opening or dilution. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%. For this, dilute 2 parts of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of normal saline solution or water.

Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

PROVEDYE®	USE	METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION	
GASTRO- DIGESTIVE SURGERY	Colon & bile leakage visualisation	Local injection via a catheter	1 to 20 ml of diluted ProveDye® solution
	Gastric & pancreatic leakage visualisation	Oral administration or via nasogastric tube	Diluted ProveDye® solution
	Intra-operative delineation of anal fistula tract	Local injection directly in the external opening	Undiluted ProveDye® solution
ENT-ENDOCRINE SURGERY	Parathyroid glands identification	Local administration	1 ml of undiluted ProveDye® solution
	Temporalis fascia graft visualisation	Local injection directly into the graft	2 ml of undiluted ProveDye® solution
	Tracheo- oesophageal leakage visualisation Intra-operative delineation of trachea- oesophageal fistula tract	Oral administration or via endotracheal tube or oesophageal catheter	Diluted ProveDye® solution



Instruction for use



COMPOSITION:

Each ampoule of PROVEDYE® 0.5% contains 50 mg of Methylene Blue (Proveblue®) diluted in 10 ml of water for injection.

INDICATIONS:

Marker for surgical visualisation such as intra operative seal tests, leakages visualisation and delineation of the fistula tract.

METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION AND DOSAGE:

The 0.5% Methylene Blue sterile solution can be administered:

- Directly in local injection,
- In local injection diluted in normal saline solution,
- In oral administration diluted in water.

PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.

The PROVEDYE® dilution and volume to be administered depend on the destination of the coloration. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%. For this, dilute 2 parts of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of normal saline solution or water.

Details on recommendations on method of administration according to the use are presented in section SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

Do not administer PROVEDYE®:

- in case of known hypersensitivity to the methylene blue or to any other thiazine dyes,
- in case of previous or ongoing treatment with Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs), bupropion, buspirone, clomipramine, mirtazapine and venlafaxine,
- in case of Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase deficiency,
- in case of pregnancy or breastfeeding PROVEDYE $\!^{\! \otimes}\!$ should be avoided.

In case of moderate or severe renal disease patients must be closely monitored.

















SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

(to keep in the operative theatre)

PROVEDYE® 0.5% 10 ml - Sterile solution.

Preparation for local or oral administration. Do not inject PROVEDYE® intravenously, subcutaneously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.

PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only) or in normal saline solution and must be used immediately after opening or dilution. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%. For this, dilute 2 parts of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of normal saline solution or water. Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

PROVEDYE®	USE	METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION	
ALL SURGICAL	Bladder leaks	Local injection via a	200 – 300 ml of diluted
DEPARTMENTS	visualisation	urinary catheter	ProveDye® solution
		(Foley)	
	Cysts delineation	Local injection directly	0.1 to 0.5 ml of undiluted
		into the cyst	ProveDye [®] solution
URO-	Intra-operative	Local injection	200 – 300 ml of diluted
GYNECOLOGICAL	delineation of		ProveDye® solution
AND BREAST	vagino/utero-		
SURGERY	vesical or		
	colorecto-vesical		
	fistula tract		
	Ureter leaks and	Local retrograde	Diluted ProveDye® solution
	anastomosis	injection via a urinary	
	visualisation during	catheter	
	colorectal or		
	vascular surgery		
	Visualization	Local injection	1 ml of undiluted
	during transaxillar	directly into the infra-	ProveDye [®] solution
	endoscopy	mammary fold	
	in breast surgery		
	Nipple discharge	Local injection directly	2 ml of undiluted
	visualisation	into the breast duct	ProveDye [®] solution

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS:

- > PROVEDYE® must be used by a healthcare professional.
- > A preoperative assessment is recommended before using PROVEDYE®
- > Protective measures against patient exposure to strong light, including that within instruments such as pulse oximeters should be taken, because there is a risk of cutaneous photosensitivity reaction.
- > The wearing of gloves is recommended for users.
- > Do not use a damaged ampoule of PROVEDYE®. Do not use PROVEDYE® if the solution is colourless.
- > PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.
- > Do not inject PROVEDYE® intravenously, subcutaneously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.
- > PROVEDYE® is for single use only: discard any remaining solution after opening.
- > In case of re-use of PROVEDYE®, there is a risk to loss sterility due to potential contamination of the sterile solution (it is considered as a decrease of technical performance).
- > PROVEDYE® should be disposed of in clinical waste.

ADVERSE EFFECTS:

- > Gastrointestinal: nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, blue colour of faeces and saliva.
- > Hematologic: hemolysis (in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency, or high doses), methemoglobinemia (after high doses), hyperbilirubinemia.
- > Cardiovascular: hypertension, hypotension, arrhythmia, chest pain.
- > Body as a whole: profuse sweating.
- > Dermal: rash (blue macules, severe burning pain), skin discoloration, urticaria, increased sensitivity of the skin to the light (photosensitivity).
- > Nervous system: headaches, dizziness, mental confusion, anxiety, tremor, fever, aphasia, agitation; serotonin syndrome when certain medicines to treat depression or anxiety have been taken
- > Administration site: thrombophlebitis, (resulting from high doses, if not adequately diluted not more than 350 mg of methylene blue should be diluted in each 500 mL of infusion fluid), necrosis (if extravasation occurs).
- > Renal: blue colour of urine.
- > Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal: dyspnea, tachypnea, hypoxia.
- > Ophtalmic: mydriasis.
- > Immune: anaphylactic reaction.
- > Oral administration may cause gastrointestinal disturbances and dysuria.
- > Use of methylene blue for endoscopic tattoo has been associated with vascular necrosis, mucosal ulceration, mural necrosis, extramural fat necrosis and inflammatory changes in the colon.

STORAGE:

Do not refrigerate PROVEDYE® under 8°C. Do not freeze.

Keep the ampoule in the original package to protect it from light.

CONDITIONING:

10 ml ampoules, in packs of 5 ampoules.

PUBLICATION DATE:

IFU version 2 - Last revision : 10/2020

Provepharm S.A.S.

22 Rue Marc Donadille 13013 Marseille, France

www.provepharm.com





SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

(to keep in the operative theatre)

PROVEDYE® 0.5% 10 ml - Sterile solution.

Preparation for local or oral administration. Do not inject PROVEDYE® Intravenously, subcutaneously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly. PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only) or in normal saline solution and must be used

PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only) or in normal saline solution and must be used immediately after opening or dilution. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%. For this, dilute 2 parts of PROVEDYE® 0.5% with 100 parts of normal saline solution or water.

Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

PROVEDYE®	USE	METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION	
GASTRO-	Colon & bile	Local injection via a	1 to 20 ml of diluted
DIGESTIVE	leakage	catheter	ProveDye® solution
SURGERY	visualisation		
	Gastric &	Oral administration	Diluted ProveDye®
	pancreatic leakage	or via nasogastric	solution
	visualisation	tube	
	Intra-operative	Local injection	Undiluted ProveDye®
	delineation of anal	directly in the	solution
	fistula tract	external opening	
ENT-ENDOCRINE	Parathyroid glands	Local administration	1 ml of undiluted
SURGERY	identification		ProveDye® solution
	Temporalis fascia	Local injection	2 ml of undiluted
	graft visualisation	directly into the graft	ProveDye® solution
	Tracheo-	Oral administration or	Diluted ProveDye® solution
	oesophageal	via endotracheal tube	
	leakage	or oesophageal	
	visualisation	catheter	
	Intra-operative		
	delineation of		
	trachea-		
	oesophageal		
	fistula tract		



Instruction for use





Each ampoule of PROVEDYE® 0.5% contains 50 mg of **Methylene Blue (Proveblue®)** diluted in 10 ml of water solution for injection.

INDICATIONS:

Marker for surgical visualization such as intra operative seal tests, leakages visualization and delineation of the fistula tract.

METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION AND DOSAGE:

The 0.5% Methylene Blue sterile solution can be administered:

- Directly in local injection,
- In local injection diluted in normal saline solution,
- In oral administration diluted in water.

PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.

The PROVEDYE® dilution and volume to be administered depends on the destination of the coloration. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%.

Details on recommendations on method of administration according to the use are presented in section SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

Do not administer PROVEDYE®:

- in case of known hypersensitivity to the methylene blue or to any other thiazine dyes,
- in case of previous or ongoing treatment with Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs), bupropion, buspirone, clomipramine, mirtazapine and venlafaxine,
- in case of Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase deficiency
- in case of pregnancy or breastfeeding PROVEDYE® should be avoided.

In case of moderate or severe renal disease patients must be closely monitored.





Provepharm*

(to keep in the operative theatre)

Methylene Blue

0,5%

PROVEDYE® 0.5% 10 ml - Sterile solution.

Preparation for local or oral administration. Do not inject PROVEDYE® intravenously, subcutaneously, intrahecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.

PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only) or in normal saline solution and must be used immediately after opening or dilution. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%. Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

PROVEDYE®	USE	METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION (route of administration and proposed dilution)	
ALL SURGICAL DEPARTMENTS	Bladder leaks visualization	Local injection via a urinary catheter (Foley)	200 – 300 ml of a ProveDye® solution diluted in normal saline solution
	Cysts delineation	Local injection directly into the cyst	0.1 to 0.5 ml of ProveDye® solution directly
URO- GYNECOLOGICAL AND BREAST SURGERY	Intra-operative delineation of vagino/uretero- vesical or colorecto-vesical fistula tract	Local injection	200 – 300 ml of a ProveDye® solution diluted in normal saline solution at 2 to 0.05%
	Ureter leaks and anastomosis visualization during colorectal or vascular surgery	Local retrograde injection via a urinary catheter	ProveDye® solution diluted in normal saline solution at around 0.05%
	Visualization during transaxillar endoscopy in breast surgery	Local injection directly into the infra-mammary fold	1 to 3 ml of ProveDye® solution directly
	Nipple discharge visualization	Local injection directly into the breast duct	1 to 3 ml of ProveDye® solution directly



Previous Version Product Information

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS:

- > PROVEDYE® must be used by a healthcare professional.
- > A preoperative assessment is recommended before using PROVEDYE®
- > Protective measures against patient exposure to strong light, including that within instruments such as pulse oximeters should be taken, because there is a risk of cutaneous photosensitivity reaction.
- > The wearing of gloves is recommended for users.
- > Do not use a damaged ampoule of PROVEDYE®. Do not use PROVEDYE® if the solution is colourless.
- > PROVEDYE® must be used immediately after opening or dilution.
- > Do not inject PROVEDYE® intravenously, subcutaneously, intrathecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.
- > PROVEDYE® is for single use only: discard any remaining solution after opening.
- > In case of re-use of PROVEDYE®, there is a risk to loss sterility due to potential contamination of the sterile solution (it is considered as a decrease of technical performance).
- > PROVEDYE® should be disposed of in clinical waste.

ADVERSE EFFECTS:

- > Gastrointestinal: nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, blue colour of faeces and saliva.
- > Hematologic: hemolysis (in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency, or high doses), methemoglobinemia (after high doses), hyperbilirubinemia.
- > Cardiovascular: hypertension, hypotension, arrhythmia, chest pain.
- > Body as a whole: profuse sweating.
- > Dermal: rash (blue macules, severe burning pain), skin discoloration, urticaria, increased sensitivity of the skin to the light (photosensitivity).
- > Nervous system: headaches, dizziness, mental confusion, anxiety, tremor, fever, aphasia, agitation; serotonin syndrome when certain medicines to treat depression or anxiety have been taken
- > Administration site: thrombophlebitis, (resulting from high doses, if not adequately diluted not more than 350 mg of methylene blue should be diluted in each 500 mL of infusion fluid), necrosis (if extravasation occurs).
- > Renal: blue colour of urine.
- > Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal: dyspnea, tachypnea, hypoxia.
- > Ophtalmic: mydriasis.
- > Immune: anaphylactic reaction.
- > Oral administration may cause gastrointestinal disturbances and dysuria.
- > Use of methylene blue for endoscopic tattoo has been associated with vascular necrosis, mucosal ulceration, mural necrosis, extramural fat necrosis and inflammatory changes in the colon.

STORAGE:

Do not refrigerate PROVEDYE® under 8°C. Do not freeze.

Keep the ampoule in the original package to protect it from light.

CONDITIONING:

10 ml ampoules, in packs of 5 ampoules.

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Provepharm S.A.S. 22 Rue Marc Donadille 13013 Marseille, France www.provepharm.com





SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

(to keep in the operative theatre)

Methylene Blue

PROVEDYE® 0.5% 10 ml - Sterile solution.

Preparation for local or oral administration. Do not inject PROVEDYE® Intravenously, subcutaneously, intrahecally, intra-amniotically or intraocularly.

PROVEDYE® may be diluted in water (for oral use only) or in normal saline solution and must be used immediately after opening or dilution. PROVEDYE® could be diluted until 0.01%.

Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

DDOVEDVE®	ПОЕ	METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION	
PROVEDYE®	USE	(route of administration	and proposed dilution)
GASTRO- DIGESTIVE SURGERY	Colon & bile leakage visualization	Local injection via a catheter	1 to 20 ml of a ProveDye® solution diluted in normal saline solution at 5 to 0.02% dilution
	Gastric & pancreatic leakage visualization	Oral administration or via nasogastric tube	ProveDye® solution diluted in water for injection
	Intra-operative delineation of anal fistula tract	Local injection directly in the external opening	ProveDye® solution directly
ENT-ENDOCRINE SURGERY	Parathyroid glands identification	Local administration	1 ml of ProveDye® solution directly
	Temporalis fascia graft visualization	Local injection directly into the graft	2 ml of ProveDye® solution directly
	Tracheo- oesophageal leakage visualization	Oral administration or via endotracheal tube or oesophageal catheter	ProveDye [®] solution diluted in water for injection
	Intra-operative delineation of trachea- oesophageal fistula		
	tract		

